

Crop Science ESG Investor Webinar

Sustainability Update: Biodiversity & Crop Protection

October 23, 2023

4:00 - 5:30 pm CEST

2:00 - 3:30 pm UTC

10:00 - 11:30 am EDT





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Agenda

Prepared Remarks



Welcome and Introduction

Dr. Klaus Kunz

Head of ESG External Engagement & Performance Reporting



Biodiversity &

Jessica Christiansen

Head of Sustainability & Business Stewardship, Crop Science



R&D and Stewardship in Crop

Robyn Kneen

Head of Global Regulatory Scientific Affairs, Crop Science



of Crop Protection ("CP EIR")

Daniel Glas

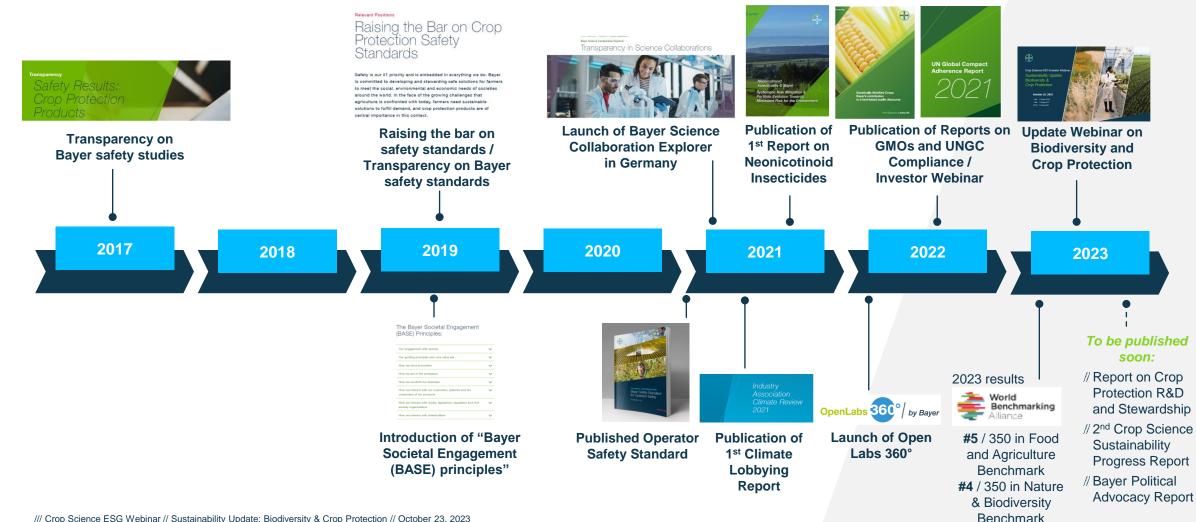
Sustainability Venture Lead, Crop Science

Q&A with all Speakers and additional Experts



Transparency as integral part of our sustainability efforts

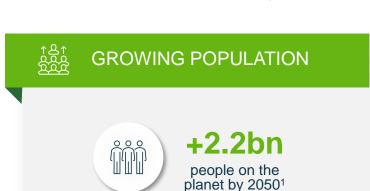
Enhanced transparency efforts accompanied by engagement to regain and strengthen trust





Our Global Food Systems are Under Increasing Pressure

Demand for Sustainably Sourced Food and Renewable Fuels Never Greater





PRESSURE ON ECOSYSTEMS





-17% harvest losses from climate

change⁷



+50%

more food and feed required to meet growing demand ²



>3bn

people live in agricultural areas with high to very high water shortages³



>70%

of all available freshwater is used in agriculture⁴



90%

of all soils are expected to be degraded by 2050⁵



-20%

loss in arable land per capita by 2050⁶

¹ UNDESA 2017 (United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2017). World Population Prospects: The 2017 Revision)

² FAO 2017, (FAO Global Perspective Studies)

³FAO, 2020 (Water Scarcity | UN-Water (unwater.org))

⁴UN-Water, 2021 Water Scarcity | UN-Water (unwater.org))

⁵ FAO Saving our soils by all earthly ways possible FAO Stories | Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

⁶ FAOSTAT (accessed Oct 30, 2018) for 1961-2016 data on land, FAO 2012 for 2030 and 2050 data on land, and UNDEDA 2017: World Population Prospects for world population data

⁷ Nelson et. al, (2014); FAO 2016 "Climate change and food security"



Our Vision

for Sustainable & Regenerative Ag Solutions



"Producing more with less and restoring more"

... based on **System-based approaches**, amongst others enabled by

our Biodiversity strategy,

responsible R&D and Stewardship, and

ongoing Environmental Impact Reduction





Jessica Christiansen

 Head of Sustainability & Business Stewardship, Crop Science

Biodiversity & Regenerative Agriculture

Vision

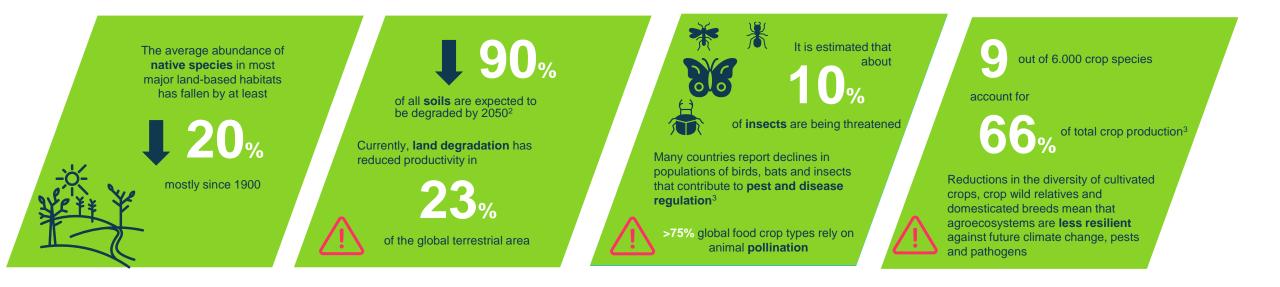
Health for all, hunger for none



How serious is Biodiversity decline?

According to the 2019 IPBES¹ Report more than 1 million species of plants and animals are facing extinction

What does it mean for agriculture?



¹IPBES = Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services

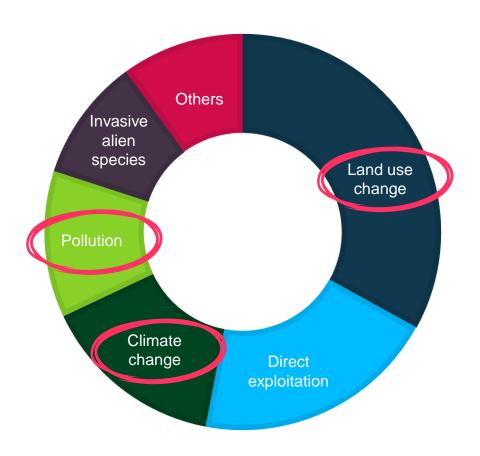
² FAO Saving our soils by all earthly ways possible | FAO Stories | Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

³ The State of the World Biodiversity for Food and Agriculture – in Brief (fao.org)



What are the main drivers of terrestrial biodiversity decline?

... and what needs to be done to bend the curve of biodiversity decline?



Pollution: Crop protection application is not the major contributor to loss of biodiversity: nitrogen over fertilization (eutrophication) is likely to play a much bigger role (78 % of global eutrophication).



The impact of climate change might increase in the future: it can also contribute to habitat degradation



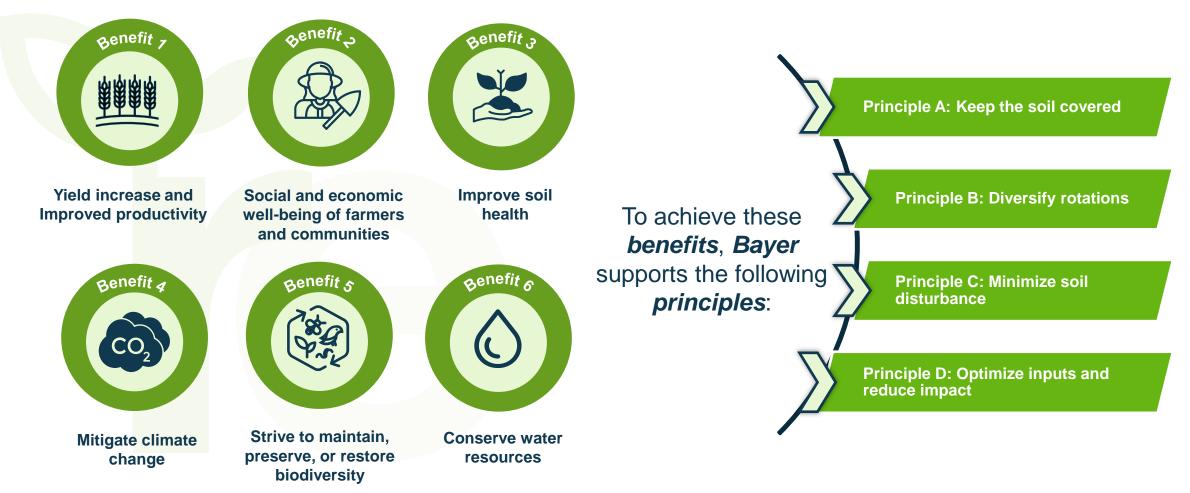
- // Land use change: habitat loss, degradation, fragmentation and land-use intensification are the major drivers
 - → Agriculture is one of the major contributors
 - → Need to better balance production and conservation
 - → Implement more sustainable/ regenerative/ biodiversity friendly, nature positive cropping systems which generate benefits for the farmer (and Bayer) while increasing yield



Bayer advocates for an outcome-based definition of Regenerative Ag to drive a solution-oriented approach



Providing a flexible framework that adapts to local field conditions, does not compromise productivity and increases yields





Future of Farming

Broadening our sustainability approach with a regenerative focus



Sustainability Focus

"Producing more with less"

We're supporting food security while reducing agriculture's impact on nature

We're committed to: (1) minimizing the climate footprint of farming, (2) reducing the environmental impact of crop protection, (3) enabling smallholder farmers and (4) improving water use

Reducing and mitigating:

Increasing productivity while reducing the impact on nature

Regenerative Focus

"Producing more and restoring more"

We're supporting food security and securing farm incomes while delivering net benefits to nature

We're committed to: (1) minimizing the climate footprint of farming, (2) reducing the environmental impact of crop protection, (3) enabling smallholder farmers and (4) improving water use



We're delivering nature-positive outcomes by improving soil health, restoring and protecting habitats, conserving water and sequestering carbon

We're helping farmers increase productivity and incomes with climate adaptation solutions and new sources of revenue

Adapting and regenerating:

Increasing productivity and incomes while renewing nature



Direct Seeded Rice Cropping System Approach



Providing Sustainability Benefits to Rice Production for Farmers and the Environment while Improving Farmer ROI



Location: India Size: 3 acres Crops: rice

Current Needs

- Managing rice production with scarce and increasingly expensive labor
- # Gaining more know-how on new & better technologies and practices
- // Increasing productivity while keeping costs manageable
- // Adapting to climate change with expected water scarcity

Bayer's Unique System of Solutions



Core Portfolio

- // non-GM herbicide tolerant hybrid rice
- // Seed treatment
- // Herbicides
- // Nematicide
- // Next Gen insecticides
- // Next Gen fungicide

Digital Solution

// FarmRise

Agronomic advice

// Better Life Farming

Effect on subsequent crop in rotation

Features, Benefits,

and Outcomes

ECOLOGICAL

- # Reduced GHG emissions during cropping cycle & post harvest (up to 45 %) 6
- // Reduced water use (up to 40 %) 5
- // Carbon farming opportunities
- Optimal & responsible crop protection and fertilizer use
- # Better soil health (tbc via Soil Health Index)

SOCIAL

- // Improved food security and climate resilience
- # Enhanced farmer health & safety
- # Expanded gender-smart interventions

ECONOMICAL

- Higher yield output using less labor, inputs, and time vs transplanting (16 % lower costs) – Improved farmer incomes 4
- # Additional incentives from verifiable carbon credits
- For FarmRise and Better Life Farming access, know-how, & expertise on new technologies and practices, plus agricultural & financial service providers



Generating benefits for growers through the preservation of biodiversity and enhancement of eco-system services

We work along 3 pillars to build out the corresponding elements

SOIL HEALTH BENEFITS



- // Yield stability
- // Drought resilience
- // Nutrient availability
- // Water quality, retention & availability
- // Carbon sequestration
- // Disease suppression

Examples:

Long-term sustainability trials over entire crop rotation in Argentina, US, and India

HABITAT BENEFITS



- // Land use optimization (e.g., enrolling unproductive land or existing farmland habitats in incentive schemes)
- # Benefits from ecosystem services such as protection against run-off and erosion, pollination, natural pest control

Examples:

Latin America (ProCarbono commodities program), North America (habitat initiatives, Rol map), Bayer Forward Farming to showcasing flower strips etc.

GENETIC DIVERSITY BENEFITS



- // Access to better crop genetics
- More resilient crops (climate change & resource efficiency)
- More diverse and regenerative crop systems (incl. cover cropping & intercropping)

Examples:

Collaboration with World Vegetable Center and other gene banks, CoverCress, Intercropping with Moraleda bean (India); Product concepts in biotech (e.g. breeding for cold tolerance to enable no till)











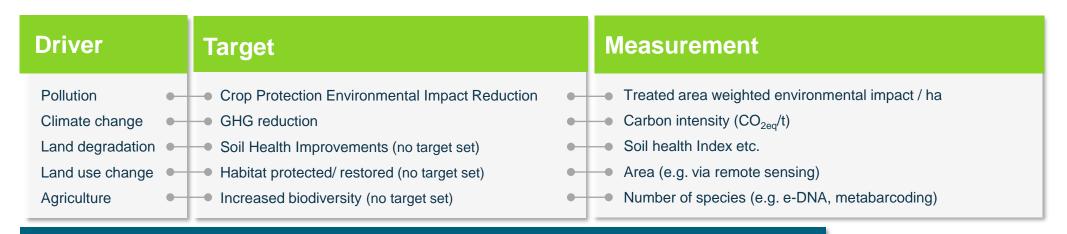
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- Group positions on insect decline, deforestation and forest degradation, and protection of biodiversity
- Biodiversity website



Measurement of Biodiversity as ongoing challenge

Leverage internal and external knowhow by actively participating in diverse global associations



Challenges

- Identify scalable and affordable metrics
- // Define easy to quantify output targets- taking into consideration local and regional conditions
- Biodiversity is influenced by many factors not only agriculture











Joint efforts help us to be more impactful

Partnerships and Collaborations to effectively address biodiversity decline







Robyn Kneen

 Head of Global Regulatory Scientific Affairs, Crop Science

R&D and Stewardship in Crop Protection

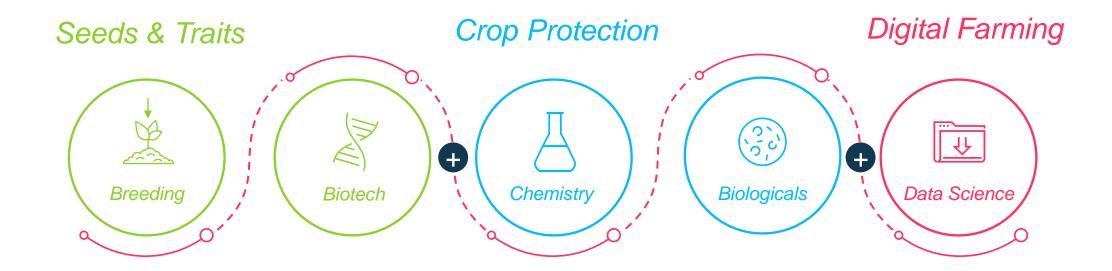
Vision

Health for all, hunger for none



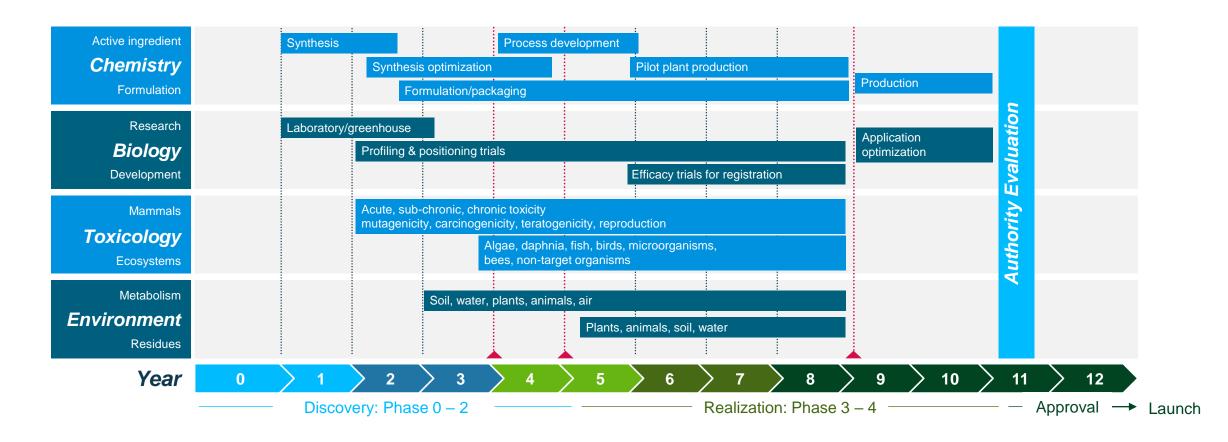
Leading R&D Agriculture Platforms

Extensive Germplasm and Biotech foundation, combined with strength in Chemistry, Biologicals and Data Science Optimization, serves as Innovation Engine to discover, combine and tailor solutions for farmers.





Chemical Crop Protection – From Idea to Market



After 10 to 14 years and an average investment of about €250m, one compound reaches the market



CropKey Approach to Open Uncharted MoA & Chemical Spaces

Serving the Needs of Farmers & Society

Advanced Discovery Engine



What do we plan to deliver?



Computational Target Discovery

Discover selective and safe MoA by proprietary algorithms & omics



New Paradigm in Screening

Gain deep knowledge on biological systems by Machine learning approaches & virtual screening and docking



Digital Chemistry

Explore unlimited virtual chemical spaces by Al supported selection, design & synthesis



Predictive Early Safety

Focus on registrability & sustainability supported by early *in vitro* tests & *in silico* predictive models

From incremental innovation on traditional chemistry to disruptive innovation towards next generation of sustainable chemistry:



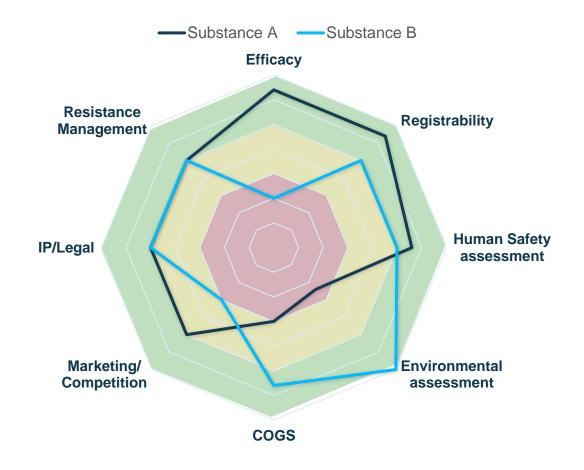
- Highly effective and precise
- Breaking resistance
- Unprecedented sustainability and safety profile



Product Development is based on a holistic assessment covering efficacy, human & environmental safety, economic factors and more

Example for Illustration

- // There is no one size fits all solution.
- # Each product/substance has its unique characteristics.
- Scores regularly depending on uses.
- It is key to include all relevant metric into product and substance development to enable informed decision making.





Risk Assessments as fundament of most regulations

Crop Protection Products should not pose unacceptable risk to human or animal health or the environment

What is a Risk? Risk = Hazard x Exposure

E.g.: watching a shark from the beach doesn't present a risk to your health



We conduct extensive hazard and exposure assessments:

Environmental Risk Assessment incl.

- Ecological Hazard
 Identification
- Exposure Analysis

Human Health Risk assessment incl.

- Mammalian Hazard Identification
- Exposure Analysis

Ecotoxicology Team

Environmental Sciences Team

Toxicology Team



Hazard & Exposure Assessment

What effects are caused by the substance?

Toxicology

- // Acute "6-pack"
- // 28-day and 90-day
- Chronic tox and/or carcinogenicity
- // Developmental toxicity
- // 2-generation reproduction
- // Genotoxicity
- // Acute & subchronic neurotoxicity
- // Endocrine disruption
- // Mode of action
- // Absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion

Similar studies are conducted in the areas of

Ecotoxicology

Environmental Fate

Efficacy & Product Chemistry

Metabolism & Residue

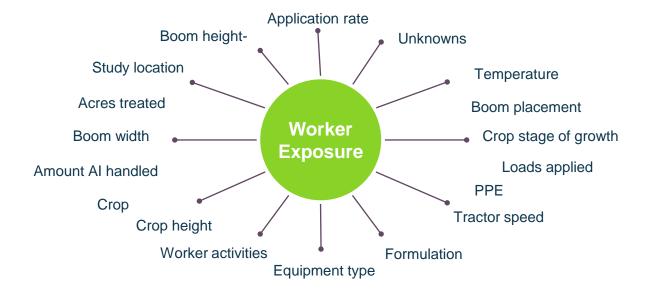
How does the exposure occur, how much is the exposure, for how long?

Human Health

- # Exposure during application
- // Residues in food and feed establishment of MRLs
- # Estimation of dietary exposure levels from food and drinking water

Conduct of Exposure Studies:

- // Dermal Exposure
- // Inhalation Exposure
- // Dislodgable Foliar Residues (DFRs)





Good Laboratory Practice (GLP)

Ensuring study data is reproducible, reliable, traceable and credible

- Principles outlining how safety studies are planned, performed, monitored, recorded, reported and archived to maintain quality and integrity of study data that support regulated products:
 - // Qualified personnel to ensure GLP compliance
 - Studies must be clearly planned, conducted, reported and monitored, with reviews and quality assurance checks
 - // Documentation has to ensure each step is retraceable, reliable and transparent
- // Regulatory authorities conduct independent audits on companies' processes, test facilities, and studies to confirm GLP compliance
- Sponsorship is disclosed on the cover page of the study reports that are part of the regulatory dossier that is submitted to authorities.





Heterogenous Regulatory Landscape in Crop Protection

Regulatory requirements are continously evolving and increasing

North America: Risk-based regulation



- # High and increasing regulatory requirements
- Complex and sophisticated risk assessment
- Export orientation requires global registration strategies



Europe 27: Hazard-based regulation



- # High and increasing regulatory requirements and new guidelines
- # Green Deal and Biodiversity expected to drive future requirements
- Complex and resource demanding regulatory system

Latin America: Very diverse requirements



- # Brazil: Move towards risk-based regulatory framework
- Many countries: low but increasing regulatory standards driven often by export requirements
- # Export orientation requires global registration strategies

Trade:

Global standards at risk due to national deviations (EU, China, Korea, USA, Brazil....)

Asia Pacific: Very diverse requirements



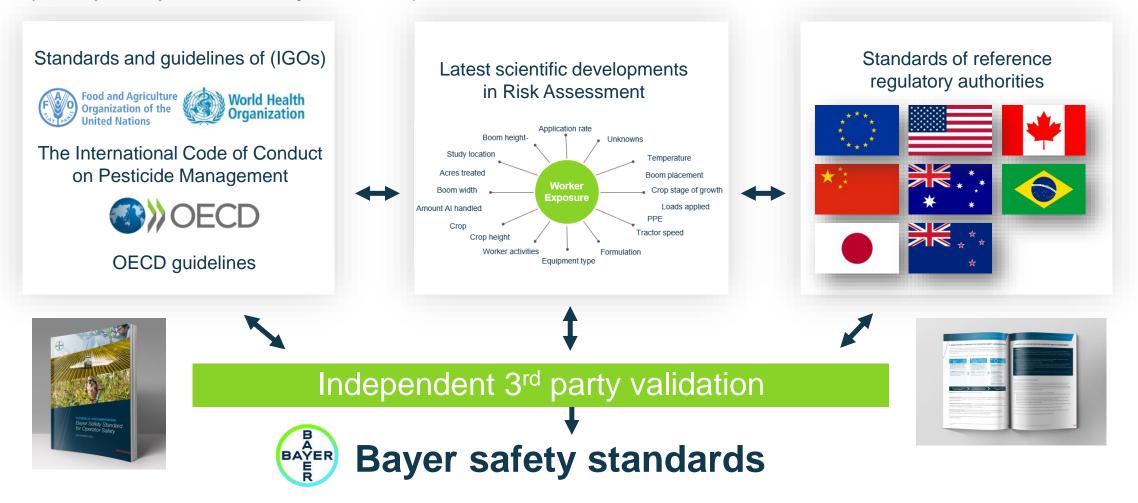
(Eastern Europe, Middle east and Africa similar patterns)

- Many countries: Standards increasing due to growing food safety and environmental concerns
- // China introduced a unique barrier for acceptance GLP OECD international studies
- No or limited data protection in many countries



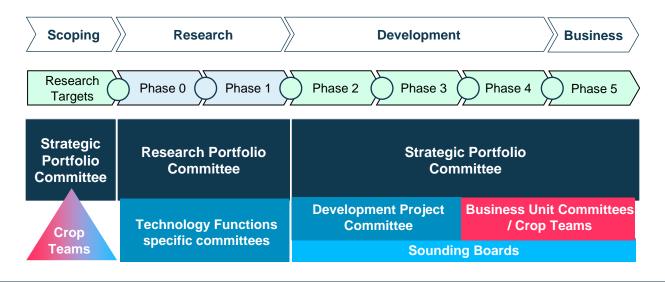
Bayer Raises the Bar with our own Safety Standards

Bayer safety standards reflect those of IGOs, regulatory authorities and the latest scientific developments (example: Operator Safety Standard)





Strong organizational Governance setup



CS R&D Governance



Overarching Product Safety Governance



Product stewardship along the product lifecycle

At Bayer, we adhere to the FAO-WHO International Code of Conduct on Pesticide Management

External voluntary standard

FAO-WHO International Code of Conduct on Pesticide Management

(accessible here on FAO's website)



Bayer stewardship policy



Bayer's Product Stewardship Commitment, Principles and Key Requirements

covers CP and S&T

(accessible here on our website)

Product Stewardship is the responsible and ethical management of a product, throughout its life cycle, from invention through ultimate use, and the final disposal of any waste



1. Research & Development



2. Production



Packaging, Storage & Transport



4. Marketing,
Branding,
Intellectual
Property, Sales
and Distribution



5. Integrated
Pest
Management &
Resistance
Management



6. Responsible Use



7. Container Management



8. Product
Discontinuation/
Disposal of
Obsolete Stocks



Our Crop Protection Stewardship Highlights

In the commercial phase







Daniel Glas

 Sustainability Venture Lead, Crop Science

Environmental Impact Reduction of Crop Protection ("CP EIR")

Health for all, hunger for none

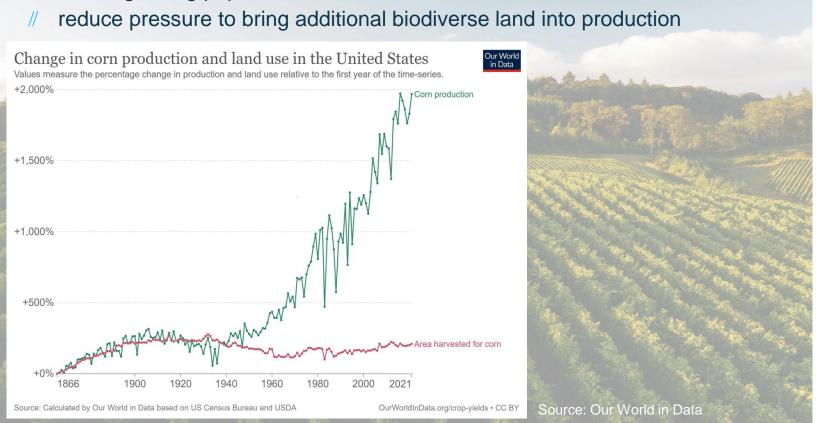


Crop Protection's contribution in sustainable ag systems

Maintaining CP benefits while reducing its contribution to the environmental impact of agriculture

Crop protection helps farmers to secure or increase yields, thereby helping to

// feed a growing population, and



"Land use for agriculture is inevitably related to loss of biodiversity.

Management techniques such as
the use of plant protection
products have by definition a
negative impact on biodiversity,
but this loss is by far surpassed
by the higher land use in extensive
production systems."

Panel for the Future of Science and Technology (STOA): In-Depth Analysis: Farming without plant protection products (04-03-2019)





Bayer Crop Protection Environmental Impact commitment

Covering all Bayer crop protection applied on a customers' field globally





Scope of our efforts

All Bayer crop protection applications on field during crop production

Reduction by CP EI per hectare (treated area weighted)²

$$\frac{EI}{ha} = \frac{\sum (E\ I/k\ g)_i \cdot dose_i \cdot ha_i}{\sum ha_i} = \frac{\sum EI_i}{\sum ha_i}$$

Even though our 30% progress is measured on our own portfolio, we will continue to track market CP EI and Bayer's contributions to reducing that



Baseline

All Bayer crop protection products applied globally and their respective environmental impact (average 2014-2018)¹

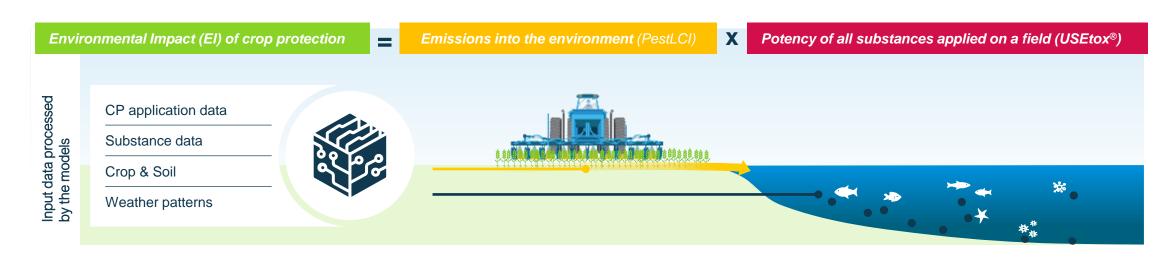
2: Formula calculates overall CP EI/ha for the Bayer crop protection portfolio

^{1:} Bayer CP products applied according to AgroWin data. Environmental impact calculated on product level with PestLCI/USEtox® models based on their current scope.



Building on a state-of-the-art methodology combining two renown models, PestLCI and USEtox

Developed by Crop Science together with the Technical University of Denmark





- // All models are *freely available*
- // Validation of approach via external panel
- // Uses publicly available data for substance specific properties
- // Quantifiable crop protection environmental impact assessment enabling farmers and consumers to compare different agricultural systems

State-of-the-art science

- // Models are being updated on a regular basis
- // Scientific consensus-based models
- // Can accommodate future advancements in science

Scalability

- // New technologies can be added
- Scalable to all major crops and countries
- // Globally applicable crop protection impact assessment tool

Today, methodology focused on measuring EIR on freshwater. Expansion planned to also included soil and pollinators

PestLCI used by (examples)







USEtox® used by (examples)





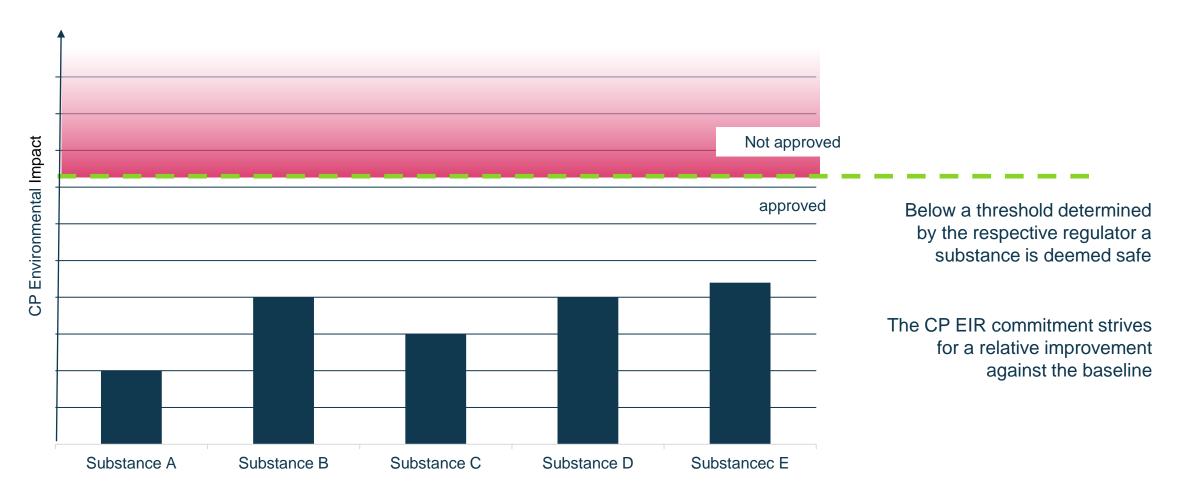






Bayer runs a comparative environmental impact assessment of crop protection products approved by regulatory authorities

Extensive testing and risk assessments ensures that all products have no effects on human health and only acceptable environmental effects if applied according to label





What is Bayer's Impact?

Baseline and progress



We're reducing Crop Protection's Environmental Impact

Our goal: We will reduce the environmental impact of our global crop protection portfolio per hectare **by 30%** against a 2014–2018 baseline by 2030

2017-2021 vs 2014-2018

We reduced the global environmental impact of our crop protection products by



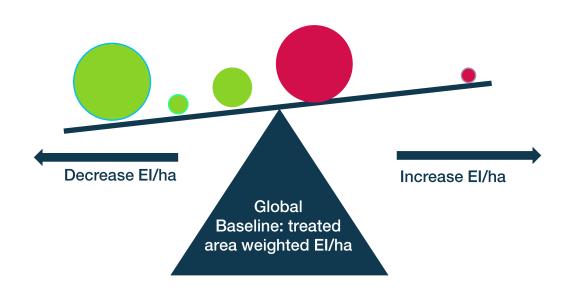
14%



Bayer's major CP blockbusters with low Environmental Impact

High product development standards as key driver also for future crop protection sales

- // CP EIR criteria is embedded in the development process
- # Relative improvement of the portfolio

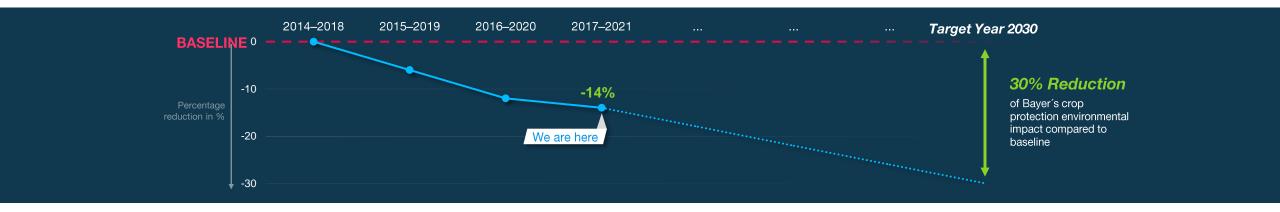






We are on the path to reduce our environmental impact

Enablers and way forward





Main contributors to the 14% reduction



The criteria we use internally governing how we develop new crop protection products



Which products/active ingredients we in-license or acquire through acquisitions



Which products/active ingredients we decide to phase-out or divest



How the products are used by the farmer and how they are embedded in a crop system approach



Innovations helping us to progress in line with our 30% commitment

Crop Protection Products:	Seeds &Traits:
 // Xivana Fungicide // Plenexos Insecticide // Delaro Complete // Iblon Fungicide // Incelo Herbicide // New Biological Seed treatment in Corr 	 // ThryvOn Cotton // Bollgard 4 Cotton // Next Generation Insect Control Traits in Corn and Soybeans



We support advancing the science behind Crop protection Environmental Impact Assessment

Advocating for broader application



- Pollinator research partnership launched in May 2023 with The Ohio State University, Technical University of Munich and Technical University of Denmark
- # 1st publication expected making the global CP application pattern data set public (submission)

2024+

- Strive to include models into a Regenerative Agriculture metrics set (e.g. OP2B, WBCSD, SAI Platform)
- // Contribute to public calculator intended to be developed by academic consortium

2025+

- Pollinator impact assessment methodology expected to be published
- Soil impact assessment methodology expected to be published











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Video recording will be available soon

