



The Farmer Voice is a survey among 800 farmers equally split between Australia, Brazil, China, Germany, India, Kenya, Ukraine, and the United States. The survey was conducted independently by Kekst CNC, a global strategic communications firm. Farmers were selected randomly from each market. The respondents did not know that the survey was being conducted on behalf of Bayer until it was complete, and Bayer had no input on the sample selection. Interviews took place between April and July 2023.

Additionally, 2,056 smallholder farmers in India were surveyed with a shortened questionnaire. These farmers were associated with the Better Life Farming ecosystem, farmers of Bayer-supported Farmer Producer Organizations, and farmers enrolled in Bayer's Sustainable Rice Program. These interviews were conducted between May and June 2023.



It has undoubtedly become more challenging for the world's farmers to produce the food, feed, and fiber we rely on. A changing climate, geopolitics, and economics are all affecting the day-to-day lives and livelihoods of farmers. We can see this play out everywhere as we hear reports of extreme heat, rain, or drought, volatile markets, and rising inflation.

Agriculture can shape the future of our food and planet, too. Keeping more carbon in the ground, growing sustainably, and nurturing the soil to leave the world in better shape for generations to come.

But what's missing from this story is the voice of the farmers themselves. What are their experiences, concerns, and hopes?

That is why Bayer has initiated the Farmer Voice survey, designed to uncover the opinions of farmers from across eight countries worldwide. The Farmer Voice analyzes, and will continue to track, the challenges faced by farmers today and their hopes for the future.

So, what have farmers told us?

Their fields go from scorched to soaked while incomes are squeezed. They are on the front line of climate change and are already experiencing its severe effects. But they are adapting and are positive about the future. They are closest to the environment and to the soil. Agriculture also has the capacity to curb climate change and farmers know best what a regenerative future for agriculture needs.

No matter where they are, they told us that timely and continued innovation is critical to building future resilience. They said digital farming is a new route for productivity and many are already starting to grow in new ways.

Most importantly, they told us they want their voice to be heard.

These results present a compelling case for optimism for the future of farming alongside a loud and direct call-to-action. Farmers are adaptable and resilient, but they can't do it alone. They need combined action from industry, governments, and everyone worldwide if they are to continue growing and leave the world in better shape for generations to come.

As a farmer in the USA told us:

"I hope to continue farming until they put me in the ground. My son has all sorts of ideas on ways to take our farm forward. Hopefully, they'll work, and he will be able to pass the farm on to his children one day."

It is important that we all work together to support this farmer and the millions of others around the world.

RODRIGO SANTOS,
PRESIDENT, CROP SCIENCE
DIVISION AT BAYER



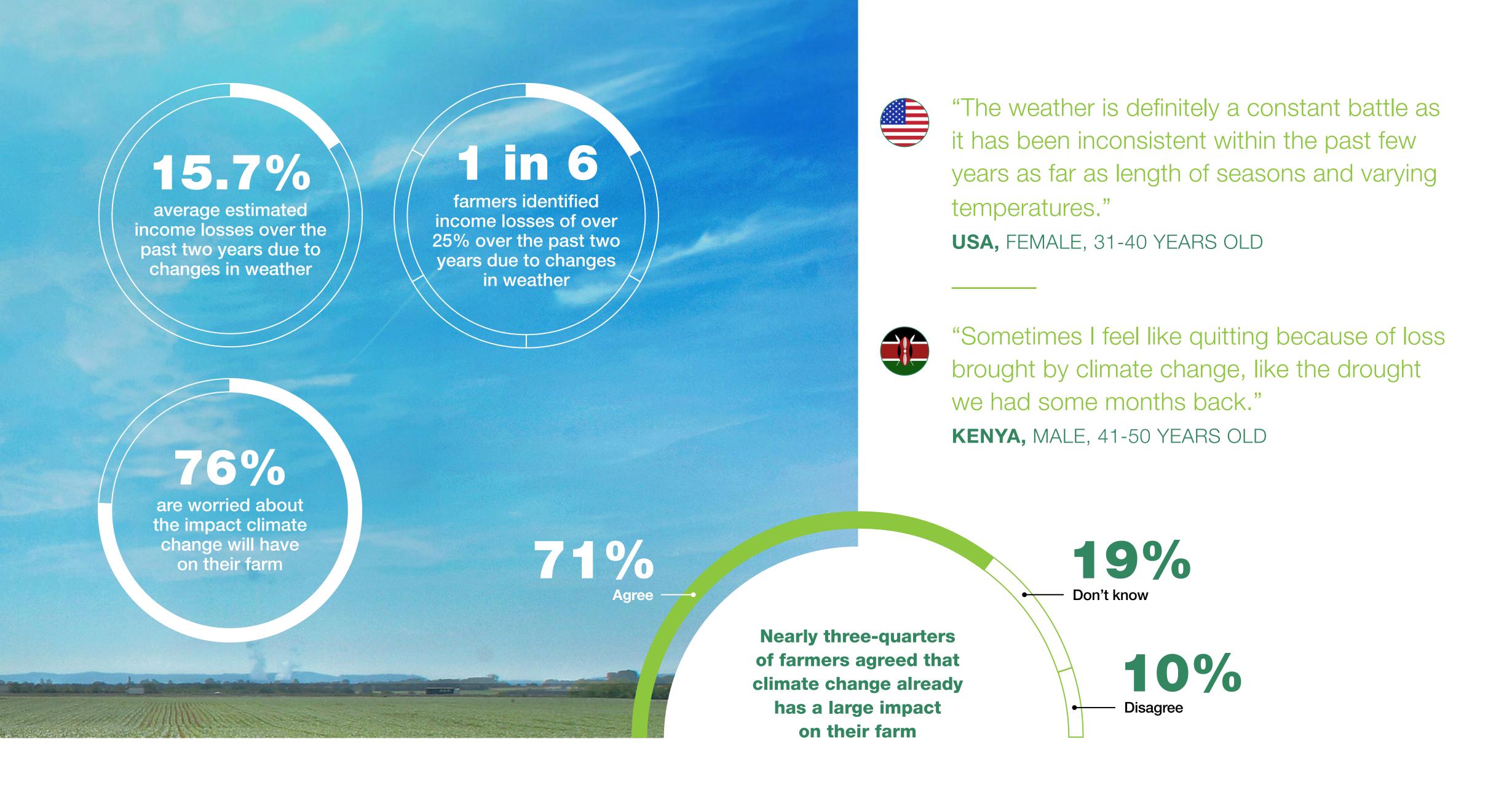
CLIMATE CHANGE IS CHALLENGING FARMERS WORLDWIDE

Farmers are already facing climate-related headwinds. Rising temperatures are lowering productivity as extreme weather impacts farms and squeezes livelihoods. Nearly all farmers surveyed have reported some change in weather over recent years, with heat effects felt most acutely in India, Kenya, and Brazil. Growers are most worried about high temperatures damaging productivity and profitability – 8 in 10 who have experienced heat effects anticipate reduced yields in the coming years.

90% of farmers say the weather has changed

Farmers have experienced higher temperatures and for longer periods in recent years and almost a third have reported more volatile weather. Respondents indicated any type of extreme weather they have experienced on their farm in recent years.

Any heat or drought effect ¹	70%
Very high temperatures	45%
Long periods of high temperature	35%
Droughts	33%
Changes from one weather extreme to another in a short space of time	31%
Change to the date when seasons start or end	30%
Very strong winds	27%
High rain intensity or flooding	24%
Very low temperatures	14%
Long periods of low temperature	12%
None of the above	10%



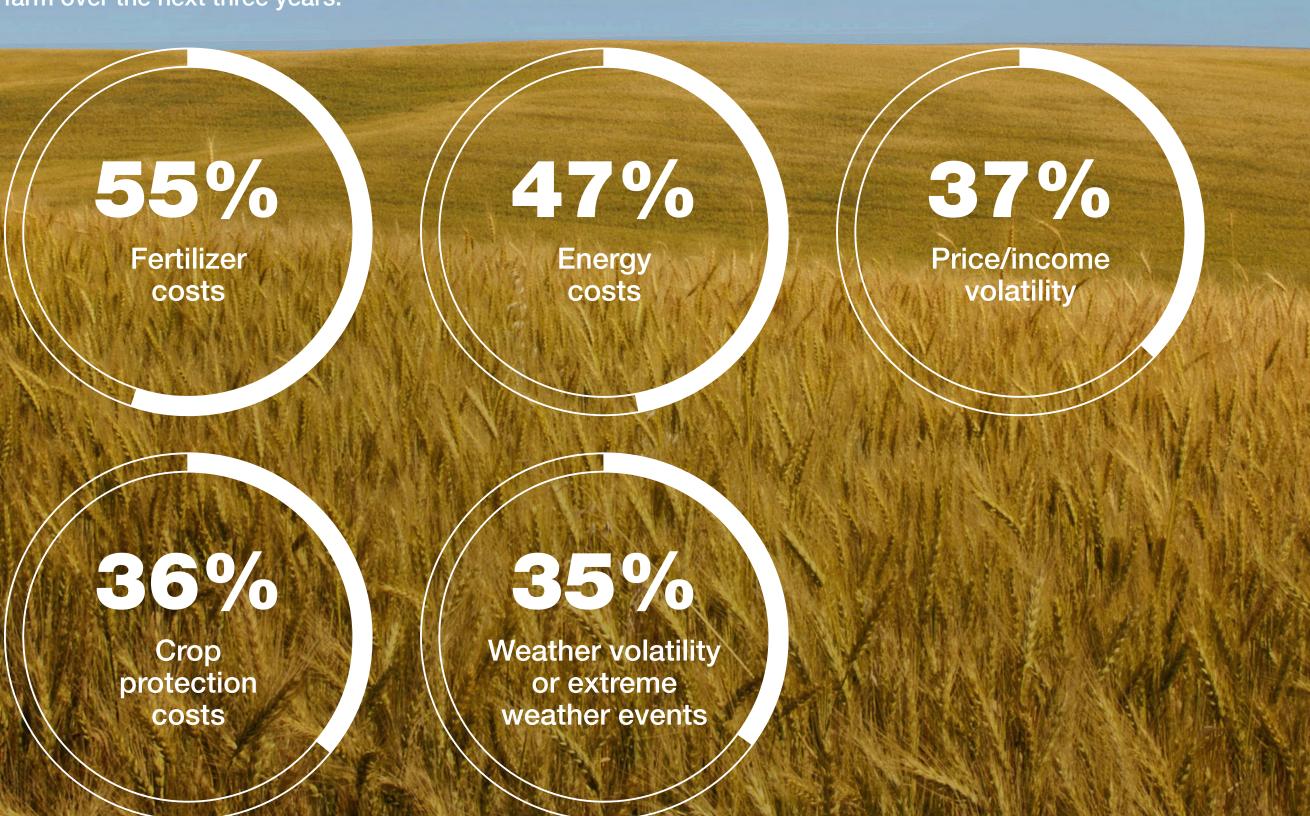
ECONOMIC UNCERTAINTY

AND COST CONCERNS DOMINATE

World events and global inflation have propelled cost issues to the top of farmers' near-term concerns. They are grappling with uncertainty – while fertilizer costs are the most pressing challenge, input prices continue to spiral, and incomes remain volatile. The ongoing war in Ukraine placed one of the world's breadbaskets in a precarious position, with the country's farmers surveyed feeling the consequences of conflict as cost pressures mount.

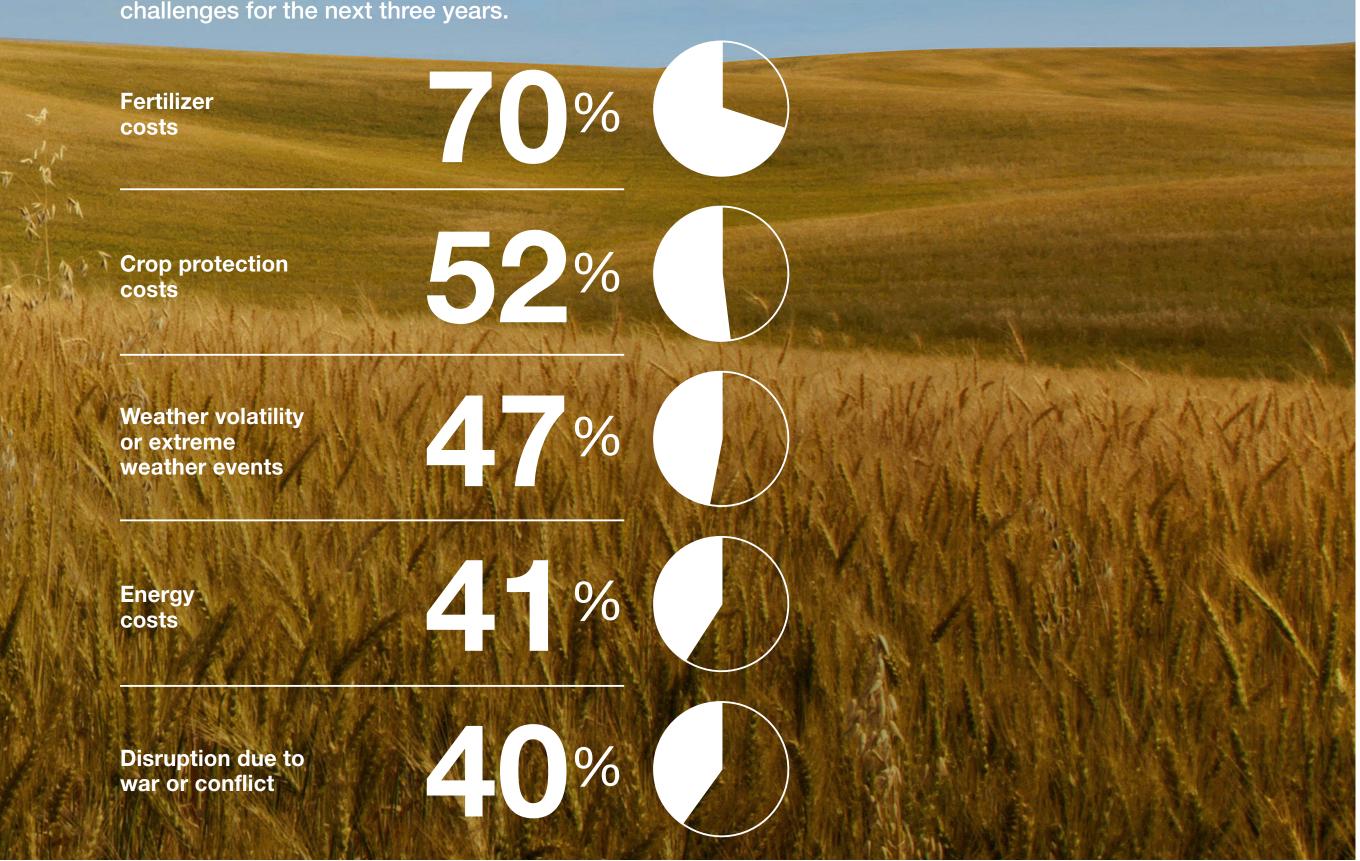
Farmers view costs and income volatility as the biggest near-term challenges

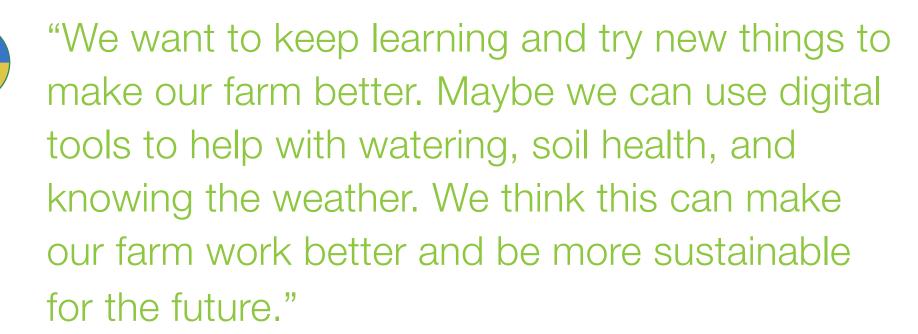
Around half of farmers placed energy and fertilizer costs among the top three challenges to their farm over the next three years.



War adds pressure on Ukrainian farmers

Ukrainian farmers have similar concerns as their global peers but face additional challenges resulting from the war. 70% placed fertilizer costs, driven up following Russia's invasion, in their top three challenges for the next three years.





UKRAINE, MALE 18-30 YEARS OLD

"The future of farm is good but the price of farm production like fertilizer materials is getting higher and higher at the moment. Everything is getting expensive."

GERMANY, FEMALE, 31-40 YEARS OLD



"The future of my farm is not so bright. The cost of farming has skyrocketed out of this world... and no one wants to help."

USA, MALE 61+ YEARS OLD

FARMERS ARE ADAPTING WITH NEW TECHNOLOGY

For many growers, the problem and solution go hand in hand. They are seeing more uncertainty and pressures in the future and are looking to change and optimize how they grow today. Farmers are predicting reduced yields and more volatility in the next three years due to changing weather, but similar numbers also expect to grow different crops and crops with resilient traits. Pressures from farm economics – monitoring, managing inputs, and measurement – are driving digital adoption.

73%
have already seen rising pest and disease pressure over the last three years

Farmers predict more climate uncertainty and want options to cope

Respondents indicated any changes they expect on their farm in future years in response to changing weather patterns.

Growing crops with resilient traits	40%	
Growing different crops	39%	
Reduced yields	37%	
Less planning certainty, more volatile prices	34%	
Increased pest pressure	30%	
Increased crop failure	28%	
Increased income from carbon credits	3%	
Other	2%	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH





"By using digital technologies, I can grow more crops and reap more profits. However, I am new to the digital technologies and it's a barrier for me."

INDIA, FEMALE, 18-30 YEARS OLD



"The future prospects of farming for me will revolve around leveraging digital technologies to increase output and help mitigate risks."

GERMANY, MALE 18-30 YEARS OLD



"Am hoping to plant crop varieties with improved resistance to pests and diseases. Am also hoping to increase hectares to above 100."

KENYA, FEMALE, 31-40 YEARS OLD

¹ Combined number for aerial imagery, such as drones; digital mapping and planning tools; satellite imagery

² Combined number for measurement tools, such as yield monitoring; digital application devices, such as sensors

³ Combined number for purchasing inputs online; digital marketing tools to manage farm outputs India map source: <u>United Nations</u>

PRESERVING THE ENVIRONMENT IS PARAMOUNT

84% of farmers are working to reduce greenhouse gas emissions

Respondents indicated all practices to reduce greenhouse gas emissions they already apply or plan to apply.

I do not apply and do not intend to apply any

measures in this respect

Growers are taking critical steps to reduce environmental impacts and restore more of nature. Cover crops are the most prevalent way to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, with 43% saying they plan to implement the practice or already use it, while farmers in Australia are more likely to use no-till farming. Many see soil health as a route to navigating climate impacts and protecting bottom lines. Conserving biodiversity has become a priority for all farmers worldwide.

4 in 10

farmers say measures to protect and increase soil health on their farm are among the most important ways to tackle the risks of extreme weather

88% ay they need to be

say they need to be compensated more for taking action that benefits the environment

Using cover 43% crops Use renewable 37% energy or biofuels **Using innovative seeds** 33% to reduce fertilizer and crop protection use Digital tools to reduce 25% fertilizer and crop protection use 24% Low or no-till farming Participating in a carbon 22% farming program

	All farmers are					
	planning to help biodiversity					
	Farmer indicated all the p	practices to reduce				
	impacts on biodiversity the	ney are applying or				
	planning to apply in the n	ext three years.				
大型机器	Insect hotel or	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY.	AND THE PROPERTY.	Andrew was	A STATE OF THE	THE THE
	similar measures to protect insects	54%				
77.77	Water use efficiency	AND AND WAR	AN THE	THE WAY	40 100	
16.44	or any water related environmental practices	48%				100
	The state of the s		Property			
	Cover crops/ crop rotation	32%				
						Wallet He
	Precision application of fertilizer/	28%				
	crop protection					
	Flowering strips/ buffer strips	24%				
	buller strips					
	No-till	18%				
	farming			多种的		
	I do not apply and do	00/				
	not intend to apply	0%				



"If we cannot save our soil, that will affect food security for many people. We need to get access to new technologies and government should support us."

INDIA, FEMALE, 31-40 YEARS OLD



"With rising inflation, we have decided to fast forward our green initiative. We're hoping to be fully solar powered by mid-next year as currently energy prices are already becoming unmanageable."

AUSTRALIA, FEMALE, 31-40 YEARS OLD



"I plan to reuse water to cultivate without injuring an environment."

BRAZIL, MALE, 18-30 YEARS OLD



Continued innovation is most beneficial

Most farmers placed better seeds and traits, crop protection and irrigation among the three factors that would most benefit their farm.

Access to seeds & traits designed to better cope with extreme weather	53%
Access to better crop protection technology	50%
Access to better irrigation technology	42%
Support to manage financial risk, e.g. insurance	39%
Better access to finance, e.g. loans for investments	35%
Access to better digital technologies	34%
Tailored products that guarantee outputs instead of providing inputs	29%
Integrated solutions across the farm	29%
Further development/regulatory approval of new genome technologies	13%
Further development/regulatory approval of GMO technologies	12%





"It feels more optimistic. With the advancement and continuous renewal of agricultural technology, the production is better increased."

CHINA, MALE, 31-40 YEARS OLD



"New crop varieties that will enhance the future of agriculture produce is what I am hoping for in the near future."

GERMANY, MALE, 18-30 YEARS OLD



"We are hopeful of growth going into the future. We have plans to upgrade our property so it can potentially grow crop breeds that aren't usually in this climate."

AUSTRALIA, FEMALE, 41-50 YEARS OLD

THE FARMER VOICE IS HOPEFUL

Most farmers worldwide are optimistic but feel they are not recognized for their role in nourishing the world. Despite significant challenges posed by climate, market, and geopolitical pressures, most remain positive about the future. Planning is fundamental to farming and most growers hope to keep their operations in their family, with a quarter globally already making concrete plans to pass their farm on.





feel positively about the future of farming in their country



say they are critical to ensuring food security but don't get the credit they deserve



agree that people need to listen to their voices more

Only 1 in 10 rule out passing their farm on to the next generation in their family

I hope to pass it on	46%	
I already have concrete plans to pass it on	24%	
Haven't thought about that	19%	
I don't think that I will pass it on	6%	
I don't know if the next generation will still be able to run the farm profitably	4%	



"The future of farming is definitely going to be passed down my generation, so I really see it being positive and also the more my farm grows the more resources to get digital equipment."

GERMANY, FEMALE, 18-30 YEARS OLD



"I think it's (the future is) very promising. With developments in science and technology that are helpful to agriculture, prospects are really good."

CHINA, MALE, 31-40 YEARS OLD



"I hope to expand my farm soon, grow additional crops, and pass it on to my children."

USA, FEMALE, 41-50 YEARS OLD



INDIAN SMALLHOLDERS ARE REDUCING RISKS

Fertilizer costs and labor worries are among the most pressing day-to-day challenges for smallholders in India. Unlike commercial and large-scale growers, they are prioritizing financial security and risk management as pests and changing weather threatens yields. Insurance, better infrastructure, and modern inputs are top of mind. Yet, Indian smallholders are more positive about the future of farming than the global average. As they look to the future, access to innovation and digital tools are critical to improving their livelihoods.



2,056 smallholder farmers in India were surveyed with a shortened questionnaire. These farmers were associated with the Better Life Farming ecosystem, farmers of Bayer-supported Farmer Producer Organizations, and farmers enrolled in Bayer's Sustainable Rice Program.



Almost all smallholders in India have experienced changes in climate and many are anticipating weather-related pressures in the future

97%
have experienced a change in the weather in recent years

42% expect reduced yields due to climate

change

31%
predict weatherrelated pest
pressures in
the future

Indian smallholders say access to modern technologies would make the biggest difference to the future of their farms

82%
feel positively about the future of farming

36%
say access to digital technologies would most benefit their farm

24% say better crop protection is their biggest priority for their farm

Smallholders prioritize insurance and better infrastructure

Smallholders indicated the one factor needed most to help tackle the risks of extreme weather and changing conditions on their farm.*

Access to crop insurance	26%
Better infrastructure e.g. irrigation/tracks/drainage	21%
Latest crop protection	20%
Measures to protect and increase soil health	16%
Innovative seed & traits technology	5%
Input products that guarantee a certain output	4%
Digital technology	4%

*The questionnaire for the smallholder specific survey asked for one answer only to the question: What is needed most to help you to tackle the risks of extreme weather and changing conditions on your farm? The global survey that asked for respondents to indicate all answers that apply for the question: Which of these factors, if any, would benefit your farm? This explains the higher data points in the global survey

THE FUTURE OF FARMING IS IN GOOD HANDS

Farmers are withstanding the worst of multiple and related global challenges. Geopolitical unrest, spiralling costs for inputs, and market volatility are putting profits at risk. Yet, for many farmers, climate change poses just as much risk as economic uncertainty. Rising temperatures are already costing yields. Growers must navigate these complex pressures to remain productive.

But farmers remain optimistic. They know agriculture plays a significant role in feeding the world and nourishing the earth. They are adapting and driving innovation in the field. Farmers are finding new ways to grow with diversified crops, hardy traits, and digital tools.

There is a quiet revolution happening in farming. Growers worldwide are taking steps in regenerative agriculture, working to grow more while restoring more to the environment. Measures to reduce emissions, restore the soil, and protect nature are gaining momentum – but farmers feel they do not get the recognition for it. They are looking to industry, policymakers, and society for stronger support, greater innovation, and better technology.







"Future of farming in my farm looking very well. Me and my family work properly and doing well in production and I hope the future is good for our next generation."

INDIA, MALE, 18-30 YEARS OLD



"(I want) open land where grandkids can see the effort and time it takes to grow the food they love. It is a precious thing, and we all need to help it grow."

USA, MALE, 61+ YEARS OLD



"I dream that this business is increasing and bringing more harvest and more profit for our family in the future."

GERMANY, FEMALE, 18-30 YEARS OLD



Read more at:

www.bayer.com/en/agriculture/farmer-voice